

**NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL STATUTE 14-36.
REPEALED**

**NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL STATUTE 14-37
REPEALED BY SESSION LAWS 1979, C. 7, S. 1.**

**NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL STATUTE 14-38
WITNESSES IN HAZING TRIALS; NO INDICTMENT TO BE
FOUNDED ON SELF-CRIMINATING TESTIMONY**

In all trials for the offense of hazing any student or other person subpoenaed as a witness in behalf of the State shall be required to testify if called upon to do so: Provided, however, that no student or other person so testifying shall be amenable or subject to indictment on account of, or by reason of, such testimony. (1913, c. 169, s. 8; C.S. s. 4220.)

**V. POLICY REGARDING DISORDERLY CONDUCT
NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL STATUTE 14-288.4**

Disorderly conduct is a public disturbance intentionally caused by any person who:

1. Engages in fighting or other violent conduct or in conduct creating the threat of imminent fighting or other violence; or
2. Makes or uses any utterance, gesture, display or abusive language which is intended and plainly likely to provoke violent retaliation and thereby cause a breach of the peace; or
3. Takes possession of, exercises control over, or seizes any building or facility of any public or private educational institution without the specific authority of the chief administrative officer of the institution, or his authorized representative; or
4. Refuses to vacate any building or facility of any public or private educational institution in obedience to:
 - a. An order of the chief administrative officer of the institution, or his authorized representative; who shall include for colleges and universities the vice chancellor for student affairs or his/her equivalent for the institution, the dean of students or his/her equivalent for the institution, the director of the law enforcement or security department for the institution, and the chief of the law enforcement or security department for the institution; or
 - b. An order given by any fireman or public health officer acting within the scope of his/her authority; or
 - c. If a state of emergency is occurring or is imminent within the institution, an order given by any law enforcement officer acting within the scope of his/her authority; or

5. Shall, after being forbidden to do so by the chief administrative officer or his authorized representative, of any public or private educational institution;
 - a. Engage in any sitting, kneeling, lying down, or inclining so as to obstruct the ingress or egress of any person entitled to the use of any building or facility of the institution in its normal and intended use; or
 - b. Congregate, assemble, form groups or formations (whether organized or not), block, or in any manner otherwise interfere with the operation or functioning of any building or facility of the institution so as to interfere with the customary or normal use of the building or facility;
6. Disrupts, disturbs, or interferes with the teaching of students at any public or private educational institution or engages in conduct which disturbs the peace, order or discipline at any public or private educational institution or on the groups adjacent thereto.
7. Disrupts, disturbs or interferes with a religious service or assembly or engages in conduct which disturbs the peace or order at any religious service or assembly.

As used in this section the term "building or facility" includes the surrounding grounds and premises of any building or facility used in connection with the operation or functioning of such building or facility. Any person who willfully engages in disorderly conduct is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. (1969, c. 869, s. 1; 1971, c. 668, s. 1; 1973, c. 1347; 1975, c. 19, s. 4; 1983, c. 39, s. 5; 1987, c. 671, s. 1; 1993, c. 539, s. 189; 1994, Ex Sess., c. 24, s. 14(C); 2001-26, s. 2.)

**VI. STATE POLICY ON POSSESSION/MANUFACTURE OF CERTAIN FRAUDULENT FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION
NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL STATUTE 14-100.1**

- (a) Except as otherwise made unlawful by G.S. 20-30, it shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly possess or manufacture a false or fraudulent form of identification as defined in this section for the purpose of deception, fraud, or other criminal conduct.
- (b) Except as otherwise made unlawful by G.S. 20-30, it shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly obtain a form of identification by the use of false, fictitious, or fraudulent information.
- (c) Possession of a form of identification obtained in violation of subsection (b) of this section shall constitute a violation of subsection (a) of this section.
- (d) For purposes of this section, a "form of identification" means any of the following or any replica thereof: