

GUEST BEHAVIOR

Students and their guests are expected to follow the rules and regulations defined in the Student Code of Conduct and University Housing Handbook. Students may be held responsible for the actions of their guests that violate the Student Code of Conduct, including restitution (payment) for property damage.

Student Misconduct Policies

NON-ACADEMIC MISCONDUCT

Prohibited acts include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Alcohol.** Use, possession, manufacture, sale, or distribution of alcoholic beverages, except as expressly permitted by law and university regulations. Alcoholic beverages may not, under any circumstances, be used by, possessed by, or distributed to any person under 21 years of age. Public intoxication is also prohibited. *Additional regulations regarding the use or possession of alcohol in University Housing are published in the University Housing Handbook. Violations of the Residential Code of Conduct regarding alcohol, include but are not limited to:*
 - a. Persons under 21 being in the presence of alcohol;
 - b. Persons under 21 possessing empty alcohol containers for storage or decorative purposes;
 - c. Exceeding quantity limits for persons 21 and older;
 - d. Common sources of alcohol (kegs, punch bowls) and drinking games.
- 2. Assault.** Intentionally or recklessly causing physical harm, acts of violence, or other conduct that threatens or endangers the welfare of another individual.
- 3. Contempt of the Conduct Process.** Interference or failure to comply with the university student conduct process, including failure to comply with disciplinary sanctions or falsification, failure to provide, destruction, or concealment of information.
- 4. Controlled Substances (Drugs).** Use, possession, manufacture, sale, or distribution of illegal drugs or drug paraphernalia, including marijuana, heroin, narcotics, and other controlled substances, per state and federal law. Recreational and medical marijuana, while legal in Illinois, is not legal under federal law and is prohibited. Marijuana in any form, including but not limited to tinctures, edibles, and topicals is prohibited. Prescription and over-the-counter medication or other substances being used in a manner other than its intended purpose are also prohibited.
- 5. Damage and Destruction.** Intentional, reckless, and/or unauthorized damage to or destruction of university property or the personal property of another person.
- 6. Discrimination.** Any act, or failure to act, that is based upon an individual or group's actual or perceived race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, marital status, pregnancy, religion, age, disability, citizenship, veteran status, or other protected characteristic that is sufficiently severe that it limits or denies the ability to participate in or benefit from the university's educational program or activities.
- 7. Disorderly Conduct.** Causing, inciting, or participating in any demonstration, riot, or activity that presents a clear and present danger to self or others, causes physical harm to others, or results in damage or destruction of property, except as expressly permitted by the Demonstration and Public Protest policy.
- 8. Disruptive Behavior.** Substantially interfering with the living, learning, or working environment of another individual or university operations including obstruction of teaching, research, administration, other university activities, and/or other authorized non-university activities which occur on campus.
- 9. Election Tampering.** Tampering with the election of any university-recognized student organization
- 10. Endangerment:** Acting in a way that interferes with the operation of any vital safety-providing service or equipment. Prohibited acts include, but not limited to failure to comply with law enforcement, emergency medical, or fire services; tampering with fire extinguishers, alarms, or safety equipment; or failure to evacuate during an emergency.
- 11. Failure to Comply.** Failure to comply with the reasonable directions of university officials or law enforcement officials acting in the performance of their duties.
- 12. Falsification.** Dishonest acts or providing false or misleading information to any university official. Examples may include but are not limited to intentionally or knowingly entering false fire alarms, bomb threats, or other emergencies.
- 13. Gambling.** Unauthorized gambling or wagering for money or property.
- 14. Harassment.** Any unwelcome conduct based on an individual or group's actual or perceived race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, marital status, pregnancy, religion, age, disability, citizenship, veteran status, or other protected characteristic, under the Harassment and Discrimination policy (52).

- 15. Hazing.** Reckless or intentional acts that endanger the mental or physical health or safety of another person, or which destroys or removes public or private property, for initiation, admission into, affiliation with, or a condition for continued membership, in a group or organization.
- 16. Public Exposure.** Deliberately and publicly exposing one's intimate body parts, public urination, defecation, and public sex acts.
- 17. Retaliation:** Any intentional, adverse action taken against an individual for making a complaint, cooperating with an investigation, or participating in a conduct or grievance procedure. Retaliation includes, but is not limited to, intimidation, coercion, harassment, making of threats, and any other adverse educational or employment action.
- 18. Sexual Misconduct.** Any unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature that is committed without consent, by force, or using intimidation, coercion, or manipulation. This includes, but is not limited to sexual harassment, sexual assault, intimate partner violence, and stalking, under Title IX and the Sexual Misconduct policy (78):
- a. Sexual Harassment** Any unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors or any conduct of a sexual nature when:
 - i. Quid Pro Quo:
 1. Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment, education, living environment, or participation in a GSU activity;
 2. Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for or a factor in such decisions affecting employment, education, living environment, or participation in a University activity.
 - ii. Hostile Environment:
 1. Such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's employment or educational performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, offensive environment for that individual's working, educational and/or living environment; or such conduct was so severe or pervasive that it altered the condition of employment or effectively denies a person equal access to the recipient's education program or activity.
 - b. Sexual Assault**, defined as:
 - i. Sex Offenses, Forcible. Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the Complainant, including instances in which the Complainant is incapable of giving consent.
 - ii. Forcible Rape: Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the Complainant.
 - iii. Forcible Sodomy. Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly, and/or against that person's will (non-consensually), or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances in which the Complainant is incapable of giving consent because of age or because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
 - iv. Sexual Assault with an Object. The use of an object or instrument to penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly, and/or against that person's will (non-consensually), or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances in which the Complainant is incapable of giving consent because of age or because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
 - v. Forcible Fondling. The touching of the private body parts of another person (buttocks, groin, breasts), for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly, and/or against that person's will (non-consensually), or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances in which the Complainant is incapable of giving consent because of age or because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
 - vi. Sex Offenses, Non-forcible:
 1. Incest:
 - a. Non-forcible sexual intercourse,
 - b. between persons who are related to each other,
 - c. within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by Illinois.
 2. Statutory Rape:
 - a. Non-forcible sexual intercourse,
 - b. with a person who is under the statutory age of consent of 17 years of age.
 - c. Dating Violence.** Violence, on the basis of sex, committed by a person, who is in or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the Complainant. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the Complainant's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.
 - d. Domestic Violence.** Violence, on the basis of sex, committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the Complainant, by a person with whom the Complainant shares a child in common, or by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the Complainant as a spouse or intimate partner, or by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the Complainant under the domestic or family violence laws of Illinois or by any other person against an adult or youth Complainant who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of Illinois.
 - e. Stalking.** Engaging in a course of conduct, on the basis of sex, directed at a specific person, that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety, or the safety of others; or suffer emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition, course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the Respondent directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by